## What is a pip?

Currency prices typically move in such tiny increments that they are quoted in pips or percentage in point. In most cases, a pip refers to the fourth decimal point of a price that is equal to $1 / 100$ th of $1 \%$.

## If the EUR/USD moves from $1.0717^{2}$ to $1.0718^{2}$, the .0001 USD rise in value is equal to one pip

## Fractional Pips

The superscript number at the end of each price is the Fractional Pip, which is $1 / 10$ th of a pip. The fractional pip provides even more precise indication of price movements.

## Pips in practice

## If the EUR/USD moves from $1.1025^{\circ}$ to $1.1035^{\circ}$,

## that's an increase of 10 pips

## If the EUR/USD moves from $1.1035^{\circ}$ to $1.1025^{\circ}$, <br> that's a decrease of 10 pips

The exception to this rule is the Japanese yen (JPY), which is quoted to two decimal points:

If the USD/JPY moves from $106 . \mathbf{2 0}^{\circ}$ to $106.40^{\circ}$,
that's an increase of $\mathbf{2 0}$ pips
If the USD/JPY moves from $106.05^{\circ}$ to $105.95^{\circ}$, that's a decrease of 10 pips

## Calculating the value of a pip

The value of a pip varies based on the currency pairs that you are trading and depends on which currency is the base currency and which is the counter currency.

> If the U.S. dollar is on the right side (counter side) of the pair then one pip is valued at $\$ 1 U S D$ per 10,000 traded

# (Size of a Pip) x (Base Currency) = Pip Value (1 pip) x (10,000 euros) = \$1USD 

So, using the same example:

- You buy 10,000 euros against the U.S. dollar (EUR/USD) at 1.10550 and you earn $\$ 1$ for every pip increase in your favor. If you sold at 1.10650 (a 10-pip increase), you would make $\$ 10$.
- If the above circumstances were the same except that you sold at 1.10450 (a ten-pip decrease), you would lose $\$ 10$.

Let's look at an example with the U.S. dollar as the base currency, as in USD/JPY
In this case, the value of one pip depends on the USD/JPY exchange rate.

Let's say that the buy price for USD/JPY is 106.20 and your lot size is 10,000:

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# (Size of a Pip) / (Exchange Rate) x (Base Currency) = Pip Value (1 pip / (106.20) x (10,000 USD) = 0.94 USD 

So, using the same example:

- You buy 10,000 U.S. dollars against the Japanese yen at 106.20 and you earn $\$ 0.94$ for every pip increase in your favor. If you sold at 106.40 (a 20-pip increase), you would make $\$ 18.80$.
- If the above circumstances were the same except that you sold at 106.00 (a 20-pip decrease), you would lose $\$ 18.80$.

